Classification Foldable Instructions:

LEVELS OF CLASSIFICATION

Choose a Genus from the previous level to investigate. The species you list from that genus need to be NATIVE to ARKANSAS. Give the common names.

SPECIES (write definition here)

Choose a FAMILY from the previous level. List the Families that make up that Genus. Give the Family's scientific name and the common name.

GENUS (write definition here)

Choose one Order from the previous level. List the Genera that make up that Order. Give the Genus scientific name and the common name.

FAMILY (write definition here)

Choose one Class from the previous level. List the Orders that make up that Class. Give the Orders' scientific name and the common name.

ORDER (write definition here)

Choose one Phylum from the previous level. List the Classes that make up that Phyla i.e. Chordata. Give the Class' scientific name and the common name.

CLASS (write definition here)

Choose one kingdom from the previous level. List the Phyla that make up that kingdom i.e. Animalia, Plantae. Give the Phyla's scientific name and the common name.

PHYLUM (write definition here)

You will need to use the top and bottom portions of this flap to have enough room for the notes.

Use the table on p 459 in the textbook to help with this section.

KINGDOM (write definition here)

Take notes on the 3 domains: Archaea, Bacteria and Eukarya.

For example, Tell how many kingdoms are in each domain, give the names for the kingdoms.

Tell if they include unicellular, multicellular; are prokaryotes, eukaryotes.

Give general characteristics of each kingdom in the domain; how widespread, varied are the organisms in each domain.

Give examples of organisms in each kingdom in the domain.

DOMAIN (write definition here)

ON THE BACK OF THE FOLDABLE--

Scientific Classification foldable notes:

Define taxonomy.

Define binomial nomenclature.

Describe the difference between a scientific name and a common name.

Give 3 examples of an organisms' common name and its scientific name.

Tell how scientific names are written.

Give a brief history of how the scientific naming system was developed. (Who, when, where, why, etc.)

Write your own mnemonic device to remember the order of the 8 modern levels of classification.

Define dichotomous key.

Describe how they are set up and used.